

YEAR 12 MATHEMATICS APPLICATIONS Test 2, 2023

Section One: Calculator Free

Sequences II and Networks

STUDENT'S NAME:

Solutions

[Francisco]

**DATE**: Thursday 4<sup>th</sup> May

TIME: 25 minutes

MARKS: 26

ASSESSMENT %: 10

**INSTRUCTIONS:** 

Standard Items:

Pens, pencils, drawing templates, eraser

Special Items:

Formula Sheet

Questions or parts of questions worth more than 2 marks require working to be shown to receive full marks.

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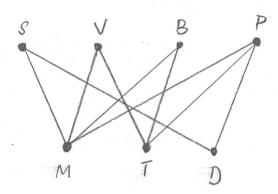
(6 marks)

The table below shows the canteen purchases of three friends.

	Sausage Roll (S)	Vegemite Scroll (V)	BBQ Pizza (B)	Prime (P)
Matt (M)	✓	✓	√ ·	<b>√</b>
Tom (T)		<b>✓</b>	✓	<b>✓</b>
Damon (D)	✓			<i>1</i> ✓ 4

(a) Represent the information above as graph G that is clearly bipartite.

(2 marks)



Vall vertices marked with dot labelled Vall edges correct

(b) Is graph G a complete bipartite graph? Justify your response in the context of the question. (2 marks)

No. Tom and Damon will need to purchase all items for graph G to be a complete bipartite graph \states no \suitable reasoning in context.

(c) Graph G can be drawn as a planar. Determine, with justification, the number of faces graph G has. (2 marks)

7 + 
$$\int -9 = 2$$
 \substitutes  $V = T$ 
 $\int -2 = 2$  and  $e = 9$  into the equation

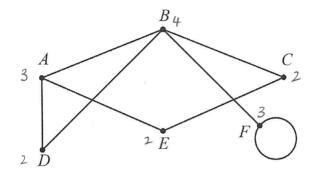
 $\int = 4$  \solves for 4 faces.

4 faces.

**Ouestion 2** 

(5 marks)

The statements in parts (a) to (e) of this question relate to graph H shown below. For each statement, state whether it is true or false and support your answer with a clear justification.



(a) Graph *H* is a simple graph. (1 mark)

False, it contains a loop at vertex F. 1 states false and mentions the loop

(b) Graph *H* is planar. (1 mark)

True, graph H can be redrawn as planar. V states true and mentions that it can be redrawn as planar.

Graph *H* has a bridge. (c)

(1 mark)

True, vertex BF is a bridge.

States frue and mentions edge BT.

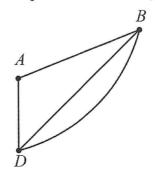
(d) Graph *H* has 5 even vertices. (1 mark)

False, it has 4 even vertices

Istate: Jalse and mentions 4 even vertices

Graph *I*, shown below, is a subgraph of graph *H*. (e)

(1 mark)

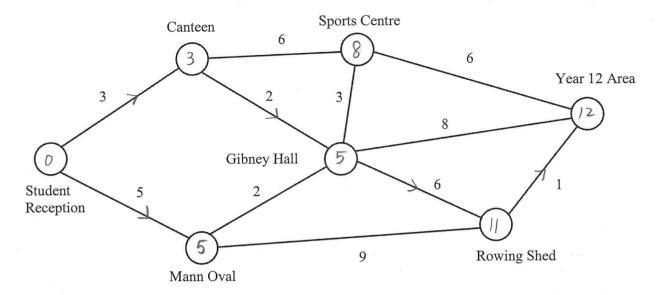


False, edge BD in graph H only has one edge.

Istates false and mentions the extra edge in graph I that does not exist in graph H. Page 3 of 6

(9 marks)

The network below shows the time taken, in minutes, to travel between locations in Trinity College.



Toby arrived late to school at 9:45 am on a Tuesday and after signing in at student reception, needed to put his belongings away into his locker in the Year 12 Area. Since he is already late to class, he will need to take the shortest path to get there.

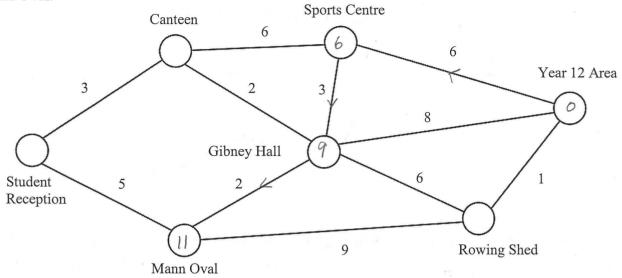
(a) Determine the required shortest path and minimum time Toby should take from Student Reception to his locker. (3 marks)

(b) Determine how much time Toby would add onto his journey from Student Reception to his locker if he needed to make a stop at Mann Oval after visiting the Canteen. (2 marks)

$$3+2+2+2+6+1=16$$
 minutes.  
... he adds 4 minutes
$$\sqrt{\text{calculates fine faken}}$$

$$\sqrt{\text{states 4 minutes}}$$

After accessing his locker, Toby makes his way to his Period 2 Physical Education lesson at Mann Oval.



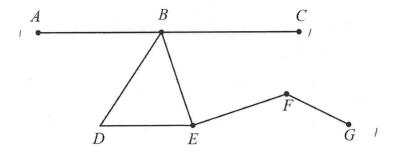
(c) Determine the earliest time that Toby can arrive to his Physical Education lesson if he needs to make a stop at the Sports Centre first. (2 marks)

(d) Toby realises that he left his hat at the Student Reception when signing in. He checks his diary to see the bell times (provided below). Will Toby be late to his Physical Education lesson on time if he is to retrieve his hat first? (2 marks)

Secondary School								
PERIOD	MON, WED & THURS	PERIOD	TUESDAY	PERIOD	FRIDAY			
		8.25	am FIRST BELL					
Pastoral Care Group	8.30 – 8.40 (10 mins)	PCG Period	8.30 – 9.20 (50 mins)	Pastoral Care Group	8.30 – 8.40 (10 mins)			
				Period 0	8.40 – 9.24 (44 mins)			
Period 1	8.40 – 9.35 (55 mins)	Period 1	9.20 – 10.10 (50 mins)	Period 1	9.24 – 10.08 (44 mins)			
Period 2	9.35 – 10.30 (55 mins)	Period 2	10.10 – 11.00 (50 mins)	Period 2	10.08 – 10.52 (44 mins)			
Recess	10.30 – 11.00 (30 mins)	Recess	11.00 – 11.30 (30 mins)	Recess	10.52 – 11.22 (30 mins)			

(6 marks)

Graph J shown below represents the direct flights between 7 cities labelled A - G.



List the vertices of the longest cycle in graph J starting at vertex B. (b)

(2 marks)

BDEB or BEDB

1 lists a cycle I starts at works B

Explain whether graph *I* is a Hamiltonian graph. (c)

No it is not as lit does not contain a Vstates no Hamiltonian cycle and it is not possible I mentions lack of Hamiltonian to include every vertex without repetition cycle or impossible

to not repeat

A new direct flight is to be added between two cities. With the addition of the new flight, graph (c) J will be a semi-Hamiltonian graph. State all the possible pairs of direct flights that can be (2 marks) added.

AC, AG, AD, CG and CD / states one correctly v states all correctly.



YEAR 12 MATHEMATICS APPLICATIONS

Test 2, 2023

Section Two: Calculator Allowed

Sequences II and Networks

STUDENT'S NAME:

**DATE**: Thursday 4<sup>th</sup> May

TIME: 25 minutes

MARKS: 26

ASSESSMENT %: 5

**INSTRUCTIONS:** 

Standard Items:

Pens, pencils, drawing templates, eraser

Special Items:

1 side of an A4 page notes, Classpad, Scientific Calculator and Formula Sheet

Questions or parts of questions worth more than 2 marks require working to be shown to receive full marks.

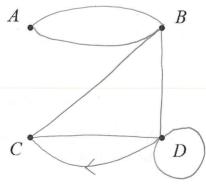
# **Question 5**

(3 marks)

Consider the adjacency matrix below showing the direct paths of cities A - B.

(a) Draw the connections represented in the matrix above as graph K.

(2 marks)



I correct graph

V contains loop and direction

at C to D.

(b) Is graph K a simple graph? Justify your answer.

(1 mark)

No., it contains a loop and multiple edges

Istates no and justifies by mentioning the loop or multiple edges

(c)

(8 marks)

Matrix M, shown below, represents the road connection between suburbs in a particular city.

If a network is to be drawn from matrix M, will the network be directed or undirected? (1 mark) (a)

directed

V states directed

State the value of the element in row 2, column 2 in matrix M and explain its significance. (b)

(2 marks)

m = 0. / states 0

There are O walks of length I to go from B to B

Determine the number of ways to travel from suburb C to suburb D using a walk of length 1.

One way. / States 1

Determine the number of ways to travel between suburb A and suburb D using a walk of (d) (1 mark) length 2 starting at either vertex.

Two ways. V states 2

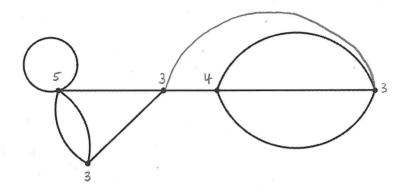
The mayor of the city decided that each suburb needs to be connected to every other suburb.

State the terminology associated with the situation that the mayor has proposed and hence, (e) decide how many road connections there will be in total. (3 marks)

> A complete graph. V states complete graph  $\frac{5(5-1)}{2} = \frac{5\times4}{2} = 10$  \( \int \text{ substitutes } n=5 \text{ m/s} \frac{n(n-1)}{2} 10 road connections. V solves for lo connections

(6 marks)

(a) Consider the graph below.



(i) State, with justification, whether the graph above is Eulerian, semi-Eulerian or neither.

> Neither. It does not contain an Eulerian trail and it is not possible to travel / mentions that it every edge without repeating edges. does not contain an

I states weither

Draw one edge on the graph above so that it becomes semi-Eulerian and does not that degrees (ii) contain a bridge. (1 mark)

I draws wrect edge

- (b) Consider a connected undirected graph, *K*, which has the following features:
  - It is semi-Eulerian.
  - It has 4 vertices.
  - It has only 2 pairs of vertices each with identical degrees.
  - The vertices which are not identical has a difference of 3, where the degree of the odd vertices is larger than the even vertices.
  - The sum of the degrees is 4n + 26.

With mathematical justification, determine the degrees of each vertex in graph K. Let the degree of the even vertices be 2n.

(3 marks)

$$2n + 2n + 2n + 3 + 2n + 3 = 4n + 26$$

$$\sqrt{\text{creates an equation}}$$

$$8n + 6 = 4n + 26$$

$$\sqrt{\text{Solves equation}}$$

$$4n = 20$$

$$8n + 6 = 4n + 26$$

$$4n = 20$$

$$4n = 5$$

each vertex. The vertices have a degree of 10, 10, 13 and 13.

(9 marks)

Luca's car has an oil leak. At the start of the week, he notices that the oil level has decreased by 35%, so he adds 550 mL of oil to combat the situation. His car has a maximum oil capacity of 5 L. Luca produced the following sequence to represent the amount of oil his car has at the start of each week, in mL:

$$T_{n+1} = aT_n + b$$
,  $T_0 = 4200$ 

State the values of *a* and *b*. (a)

(2 marks)

$$a = 0.65$$
 and  $b = 550$   $\sqrt{a = 0.65}$ 

When does the oil level first reach half of its maximum capacity? (b)

(1 mark)

$$T_2 = 2682$$
 $T_3 = 2293.3$ 

: At the start of week 3. 1 states start of week 3.

Describe, with mathematical justification, what is happening to the oil level in the long term. (c)

V States decreasing

Calculate the amount of oil that needs to be added at the start of each week for Luca to always (d) maintain 75% of the maximum oil capacity.

/ calculates 3750 ml

0.35 × 3750 = 1312.5 ml (calculates 1312.5 mL

Given that Luca decided to instead, add 1.8 L of oil at the start of every week, can the recursive (e) sequence Luca produced continue indefinitely? Justify your response mathematically. (2 marks)

> No No, if he adds 1.8 L every week, the oil level in his car will increase and reach a Steady State of 5142.9 L, exceeding the maximum 1 States no capacity.

> > **END OF QUESTIONS**

explains steady state exceeds maximum oil capacity.

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